



Companion Animal Sector Council



Preventative Healthcare Plan (PHP) for Premises Licensed under the Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018

Name and address of licensed premises:

.....
.....

Type of licensed activity/activities:

Private veterinary surgeons responsible for advising operators of licensed premises should refer to the accompanying Guidance Notes when completing this PHP form.

1. Risk Factors

All Licensed Premises

The following should be taken into consideration when assessing the impact of risk factors on the disease and welfare status of the animals resident at the premises on any occasion. These factors can be ascertained either by available records for the premises or by observations made during the visit.

The type(s) of licensed activity/activities		
The maximum number of animals that is proposed to reside at the premises at any one time	Max. no.	Comments
Is accommodation size/space compliant* (see below)	Y/N	
Are animals overcrowded	Y/N	
Assessment of new animals introduced to the premises on a daily, weekly, monthly basisper d/w/m	
% of animals that have travelled outside the UK prior to entry to the premises. Document Countries visited. This should include any imported breeding stock.	%	

Are animals or their individual facilities/utensils, mixed together eg shared accommodation or utensils, walked together, etc?	Y/N	
Are animals stressed or overly anxious?	Y/N	
Are enrichment activities or equipment provided?	Y/N	
Is there adequate temperature control in place?	Y/N	
Is there adequate ventilation control in place?		
Is there adequate shelter and shade from inclement or hot weather?	Y/N	
Do operators, pet owners or visitors regularly eg daily, weekly, monthly, visit other licensed or unlicensed premises where animals are kept?	Y/N	
<p>External local and environmental factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Rodent/pest control ○ Premises located near a waterway ○ Wildlife eg foxes ○ Disease presence in the local area eg leptospirosis, Alabama Rot, ticks, etc ○ High numbers of visitors/members of the public ○ Areas where dogs are walked/exercised outside of the premises - consider local, environmental factors incl. urban, rural, wooded areas, etc 	Comments	

* Space and over-crowding:

- Accommodation may be regarded as overcrowded if it is non-compliant with minimum recommendations outlined in any related Guidance. For example in section 2.2 of the Dog Breeding Guidance, if there are more dogs within a space than suggested on the grid, conditions could be considered as over-crowded.
- Allowance should also be made for breed size such that the minimum square metre noted would need to be adjusted to ensure that the dog can stretch etc without touching the sides of the kennel. Therefore, for a giant breed greater tolerance would be needed compared to smaller breeds.

In summary, an animal enclosure could be considered overcrowded if it failed the minimum criteria or the “stretch test”.

2a. Biosecurity: Disease Management

All Licensed Premises

Evidence* should be made available by the operator of the premises to demonstrate the following:	Y	N
Measures are in place that outline actions to be taken in the event of a disease outbreak – viral, bacterial or parasitic		
Evidence of quarantine management of new stock		
Isolation facilities		
Effective Vaccination policies (see Vaccination section below)		
Protocol detailing of any outbreaks of disease		

*Please see the 'Notes' section on what can be used as evidence

Boarding, Home Boarding and Day Care Premises

Evidence* should be made available by the operator of the premises to demonstrate the following:	Y	N
Owner declaration of any treatments or illnesses in the 8 week period prior to any length of stay at the premises		
Initial vaccinations are completed 2 weeks in advance of a stay		

Dog Breeding Premises

Evidence* should be made available by the operator of the premises to demonstrate the following:	Y	N
Annual veterinary health check for all breeding bitches and stud dogs		
Veterinary health check for all new breeding bitches and stud dogs		

A 'Fitness to Breed' assessment for all breeding bitches and dogs, including stud dogs (see additional guidance)		
Breeding dogs and bitches have up-to-date vaccinations and parasitic treatments		
All puppies have undergone a veterinary health check prior to sale		
The following information is provided to the new owner:		
Vaccination records signed by a vet, are provided to the new owner if the puppy has had a first vaccination at 8 weeks.		
Information on worming treatments are included with the vaccination certificate		
Advice on when the next vaccination and worming treatments are required is provided by the breeder to the new owner.		
Advice on what socialisation training has been done and what needs to be continued.		
Microchip record and information on how to change keeper details.		
Details of all veterinary practices that provide clinical services to the premises or have treated incoming breeding animals, is available		

In addition, under the specific guidance Part B 6.12 supporting the Regulations the following must be included:

Animal Name	Animal Microchip	Age	Weight	BCS	Vaccination (see below)	Worming Prevention Frequency	External Parasite treatment Frequency	Comments

Vending premises

- For dogs and cats refer to Boarding and Day care Premises sections

Vaccinations and Parasitic Treatments

Animals residing at the premises have up-to-date vaccinations and parasitic treatments administered at intervals specified by the manufacturer.

In the absence of an annual vaccination, satisfactory titre certificates are provided by the animal's vet.

For animals which are exempt from annual vaccination due to medical reasons such as adverse reactions, signed veterinary certificates confirming this, are available

Vaccinations for dogs	Y	N
Routine vaccinations:		
Parvovirus		
Distemper		
Adenovirus/Infectious Canine Hepatitis (ICH)		
Leptospirosis		
Optional vaccinations dependent on advice from owner's vet and local factors:		
Bordetella bronchiseptica/Kennel cough		
Rabies: A legal requirement for dogs travelling abroad/returning to the UK under PETS		
Canine Herpes Virus - for breeding bitches		
Leishmania		
Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme disease) – for dogs at high risk of exposure		
Vaccinations for cats		
Routine vaccinations:		
Feline parvovirus/panleucopenia/infectious enteritis (FPV)		
Cat flu - herpes/calici		
Optional vaccinations dependent on advice from owner's vet and local factors:		
FeLV		

Feline chlamydia		
Rabies – legal requirement for cats travelling abroad / returning to the UK under the Pet Travel Scheme		
Bordetella bronchiseptica		
Parasitic treatments for dogs and cats		
Internal parasites: Routine treatment for roundworm and tapeworm		
External parasites and fungi: Treatment for fleas, lice, ticks, ringworm, etc		
Vaccinations for rabbits		
Optional depending on local factors and owner's veterinary advice		
Myxomatosis		
Rabbit Viral Haemorrhagic Disease (RHD) - RHDV-1 and RHDV-2		
Parasitic treatments for rabbits		
Internal parasites: If recommended by a vet		
External parasites and fungi: Treatment for fleas, lice, mites, ticks, ringworm, etc		

2b. Biosecurity: Cleaning and Disinfection

All Licensed Premises

Evidence should be made available by the operator of the premises to demonstrate the following:	Y	N
A cleaning and disinfection protocol		
Suitable cleaning agents, disinfectants and equipment are available		
Hygiene guidance is in place for people eg operator, employee, owners, visitors		
Guidance is in place for washing, cleaning or grooming animals in resident		
All feeding and water bowls are washed daily		
All faeces and urine are cleared from living and exercise spaces on a daily basis		

Bedding materials that are stained with urine or faeces are changed on a daily basis or more frequently if necessary		
Before new arrivals occupy any area on the premises: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ The kennels or individual accommodation are cleaned and disinfected.○ All bedding materials used by previous occupants are disposed of or materials washed.		
Any infectious diseases or zoonoses should be promptly treated, recorded and the animal placed in suitable accommodation separate from other animals.		
Waste disposal conforms to legal requirements		

Notes

Please include additional comments, including - any areas that need to be addressed by the operator within a specified time period, the veterinary advice provided and operator actions required.

Comments

Evidence

Evidence of measures in place can include:

- Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for the premises
- Daily/weekly/monthly check sheets maintained by the operator for the premises
- Records of any treatments including routine preventative treatments



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- Vaccination cards signed by a vet and which include the practice stamp
- Signed veterinary declarations on practice headed note paper with practice stamp
- Laboratory reports for test results.

Signature of responsible veterinary surgeon

Name of responsible veterinary surgeon

Date

Practice stamp:

This PHP form is valid from (incl date of issue) to.....